

1 **Supplementary method**

2 **RNA extraction, and qRT-PCR**

3 Total RNA from the isolated islet cells or cultured Min6 cells was extracted using the TRIzol reagent
4 (Invitrogen, America) according to the manufacturer's protocol. cDNA was synthesized using the RT
5 reagent kit (TaKaRa, Japan). The circRNA and mRNA levels were determined by quantitative real-time
6 reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (qRT-PCR) using TB Green (TaKaRa). The relative
7 expression levels of the selected genes were normalized to β -actin mRNA levels. The quantification of
8 microRNA expression was performed with a stem-loop real-time PCR miRNA kit (Ribobio, China).
9 U6 was chosen as an internal control. All qRT-PCR assays were carried out on the LightCycler 480 II
10 real-time PCR detection system (Roche). *All primers used in this study were designed using Primer
11 premier software (6.0) and listed in Supplementary Table 1.*

12 **Verification of circularity by RNase R treatment**

13 The total RNA was treated with RNase R (Geneseed, China) or RNase-free water (control), and
14 digested RNA was used for confirmation.

15 **RNA FISH**

16 The circ-Tulp4 probes (Cy3-labeled) were designed and synthesized by Geneseed. The sequences of
17 the probes were specific for covering the junction site of the circ-Tulp4 (sequences:
18 gttgcacatctgatatctccatg). The *in situ* protocol was performed according to the instructions.
19 4',6-diamidino-2-phenylindole (DAPI) solution was used to detect nuclei. Images were acquired using
20 the TCS SP2 AOBS confocal microscope system.

21 **MTS assay**

22 The Cell Titer 96 AQueous One Solution Cell Proliferation Assay System (MTS; Promega, America)
23 was applied to detect cell survival according to the manufacturer's protocols. The absorbance at 490nm
24 was measured using a microplate reader (Bio-Rad, America).

25 **EdU assay**

26 The cell proliferation rate was detected using EdU (5-ethynyl-2'-deoxyuridine) DNA Cell Proliferation
27 Kit (RiboBio) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Hoechst 33342 was used to detect nuclei.
28 Images were acquired using the inverted fluorescence microscope system (Olympus, Japan) and
29 analyzed using Image-Pro Plus 6.0 software. For accurate assessment of the cell proliferation rate, the
30 number of EdU-positive cells was also measured using a Beckman CytoFLEX cytometry system
31 (Beckman).

32 **Luciferase assay**

33 The luciferase reporter was constructed by subcloning the circ-Tulp4 region containing predicted
34 microRNA binding sites or soat1 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR) fragment directly downstream of the
35 reporter gene Renilla luciferase into the psiCHECK2 luciferase vectors. Luciferase activity was
36 determined using the Dual-Luciferase Reporter Assay Kit (Beyotime, China) following the
37 manufacturer's protocol.

38 **Apoptosis assay**

39 The number of apoptotic cells was evaluated by using the Annexin V-FITC/PI apoptosis assay kit

40 (Lianke Biotech, China) according to the manufacturer's protocol. TUNEL staining was performed
41 using the One step TUNEL apoptosis assay kit (Beyotime Biotech, China) according to the
42 manufacturer's protocol. The rate of apoptosis was analyzed by ImageJ software.

43 **Cell cycle analysis**

44 The cell cycle was detected by propidium iodide (Invitrogen) staining according to the manufacturer's
45 protocol. The percentage of cells was counted using a Beckman CytoFLEX cytometry system
46 (Beckman).

47 **Metabolic measurements**

48 Bodyweight and food intake (g/day/body weight) were monitored periodically. Blood was taken from
49 the tail vein to measure blood glucose using Accu-Chek Glucometer (Roche). **Overnight fasting**
50 **glucose of mice on a high-fat diet (HFD) above 10mmol/L were considered diabetic and used for**
51 **experiments. Glucose tolerance tests were performed by an intraperitoneal injection of 2 g/kg glucose**
52 **after overnight fasting.**

53 **Immunofluorescence**

54 Freshly isolated islets were fixed and labeled with anti-insulin antibody (cat#3014 Cell Signaling
55 Technology) to determine the cell type of isolated cells via the immunofluorescence method.

56 **Measurement of cholesterol ester in Min6 cells**

57 **Min6 cells were overexpressed with circ-Tulp4 or soat1 for 48 h and then followed by PA treatment for**
58 **24 h. Cholesterol ester was evaluated using a cholesterol assay kit (BioVision, Milpitas, CA).**

59 **Supplementary figure legends**

60 **Supplementary Fig. 1**

61 Determination of body weight, blood glucose, food intake and glucose tolerance in db/db mice and
62 db/m mice (**A-D**), or in C57BL/6J mice on a normal control or high-fat diet (**F-H**). Bodyweight (**A**),
63 food intake (g/day/body weight) (**B**), and random blood glucose measured using a glucometer (Roche)
64 from 6 to 9 weeks of age ($n \geq 10$ in **A and C**, $n=5$ in **B**). **D** Intraperitoneal glucose tolerance testing at 10
65 weeks of age. The mice were fasted overnight, and the blood glucose levels were monitored in
66 response to 2 g/kg glucose ($n=5$). Blood glucose levels at all time points were comparatively high in
67 db/db mice versus db/m mice. Data represent mean \pm standard error of the mean. ***, $P < 0.001$ versus
68 db/m mice. **E** Representative images of freshly isolated mice islets and insulin staining images. Insulin
69 immunofluorescence assay was performed to confirm that the cells used for RNA-seq were acinar-free
70 islets. The results indicated that isolated cells were mostly stained positive. Plots of body weight (**F**)
71 and fasting blood glucose (**G**) of C57BL/6J mice over time ($n \geq 10$). A plot of time-dependent glucose
72 tolerance curves in 37-week old C57BL/6J mice on a normal control (NFD) or high-fat diet (HFD)
73 ($n \geq 10$). Blood glucose levels at all time points were comparatively high in HFD mice versus NFD mice.
74 ***, $P < 0.001$ versus C57BL/6J mice on a NFD.

75 **Supplementary Fig. 2**

76 Min6 cells were transfected with circ-Tulp4 siRNAs for 24 h (**A and C**) or 48 h (**B**), followed by PA
77 (0.5mM) (**C**) or solvent (BSA) treatment for 24 h (**A and B**). Cell proliferation ability was detected by
78 MTS under basal condition or lipotoxic condition. To examine cell proliferation under basal condition,

79 EdU assay (**D and E**) or western blot (**F**) was performed. Insulin biosynthesis (**G-H**) and apoptosis
80 (**I-L**) were not affected by the silencing of circ-Tulp4. The protein expression level of cleaved
81 caspase-3 was analyzed by Western blot under lipotoxic condition. (**I and J**). Min6 cells stained with
82 Annexin V and propidium iodide (PI) were analyzed by flow cytometry for cell apoptosis assessment
83 under basal (**K**) or lipotoxic (**L**) condition. *, $P < 0.05$ versus indicated groups.

84 **Supplementary Fig. 3**

85 To assess cell apoptosis, Min6 cells stained with Annexin V and propidium iodide (PI) were analyzed
86 by flow cytometry (**A-B**). Expression of insulin1 mRNA (ins1) or insulin2 mRNA (ins2) was analyzed
87 by qRT-PCR under lipotoxic condition after upregulating circ-Tulp4 (**C**) or soat1 (**D**) expression. Cell
88 survival was examined by MTS in the siRNA-soat1 transfected cells (**E**) or Soat1 vector-infected cells
89 (**F**) under basal condition. MiR-298-5p, miR-3113-3p, and miR-7222-3p demonstrated a potentially
90 relevant role in regulating the expression of soat1, and verification of these microRNAs expressions in
91 Min6 cells was shown (**G**). MiR-3113-5p served as a control. Expression level of soat1 in Min6 cells
92 treated with either miR-298-5p mimic or co-treated with miR-298-5p mimic and circ-Tulp4 vector (**H**).
93 Expression level of soat1 in Min6 cells treated with either miR-3113-3p mimic or co-treated with
94 miR-3113-3p mimic and circ-Tulp4 vector (**I**). NS, Non-significance of difference. *, $P < 0.05$; **, $P <$
95 0.01 versus the indicated groups.

96 **Supplementary Fig. 4**

97 Min6 cells were transfected with miR-7222-3p mimic, or co-treated with circ-Tulp4 vector (**A**) or
98 Soat1 vector (**B**) for 48 h, followed by BSA treatment for 24 h. Cell proliferation ability was detected

99 by MTS. Min6 cells were transfected with miR-7222-3p mimic, or co-treated with circ-Tulp4 vector
100 for 48 h(C); or transfected with siRNA-1 or siRNA-2 for circ-Tulp4, or co-treated with Soat1 vector
101 for 48 h (D); or transfected with siRNA-1 or siRNA-2 for soat1 for 48 h (E), followed by BSA
102 treatment for 24 h. Western blot assays were used to analyze the protein expression level of ki67. The
103 expression level of cyclin D1 mRNA (F and G) or protein (H) in Min6 cells infected with circ-Tulp4
104 or Soat1 vector was analyzed. For apoptosis assessment, TUNEL staining was performed and TUNEL
105 positive Min6 cells with indicated treatment were counted (I). Scale bar = 50 μ m. Non-significant
106 differences were observed in the above groups.

Supplementary Table 1 primers used for qRT-PCR in this study.

| Gene | Primer sequences |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

circ-Tulp4

F: AATAAACTTCAACCTGCGAGGC

R: CCGGTTAATTCAGGAGCCATC

tulp4 mRNA

F: AATAAACTTCAACCTGCGAGGC

R: CCGGTTAATTCAGGAGCCATC

soat1 mRNA

F: TCGCACTCCTCATCCTAT

R: TCAAGTACCAGCCTTCCT

cyclin D1 mRNA

F: GGAGCAGAAGTGCGAAGA

R: CAGTCAAGGGAATGGTCTC

β -actin mRNA

F: GACGGCCAGGTCATCACTATTG

R: CCACAGGATTCCATACCCAAGA

| AccID | Chrom | start | end | strand | Gene Name | $\log^2(\text{fold change})$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|-----------|------------------------------|
|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|-----------|------------------------------|

Supplementary Table 2 detailed information of the differentially expressed circRNAs with a fold change over 1.5.

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|---|----------|--------------|
| chr6_28545598_28526053_+19545-Snd1 | chr6 | 28526052 | 28545598 | + | Snd1 | 4.415336611 |
| chr4_138241792_138221526_+20266-Hp1bp3 | chr4 | 138221525 | 138241792 | + | Hp1bp3 | 3.870871984 |
| chr18_75082507_75080203_+2304-Dym | chr18 | 75080202 | 75082507 | + | Dym | 3.304441839 |
| chr4_108719812_108717789_-2023-Zfyve9 | chr4 | 108717788 | 108719812 | - | Zfyve9 | 3.047468137 |
| chr15_73031643_72999972_-31671-Trappc9 | chr15 | 72999971 | 73031643 | - | Trappc9 | 2.846222385 |
| chr9_84012619_83988776_+23843-Bckdhb | chr9 | 83988775 | 84012619 | + | Bckdhb | 1.444980597 |
| chr15_95920378_95864225_+56153-Ano6 | chr15 | 95864224 | 95920378 | + | Ano6 | 1.384757284 |
| chr1_38085652_38053616_-32036-Rev1 | chr1 | 38053615 | 38085652 | - | Rev1 | 1.323683763 |
| chr17_6139156_6137211_+1945-Tulp4 | chr17 | 6137210 | 6139156 | + | Tulp4 | -0.815422012 |
| chr18_6115850_6111685_-4165-Arhgap12 | chr18 | 6111684 | 6115850 | - | Arhgap12 | -2.404150957 |
| chr1_87380008_87364104_+15904-Gigyf2 | chr1 | 87364103 | 87380008 | + | Gigyf2 | -2.776675445 |
| chr16_94403368_94383912_+19456-Ttc3 | chr16 | 94383911 | 94403368 | + | Ttc3 | -3.017806158 |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|---|--------|--------------|
| chr5_135124017_135121506_+2511-Mlxipl | chr5 | 135121505 | 135124017 | + | Mlxipl | -3.0186879 |
| chr1_155962560_155953154_-9406-Cep350 | chr1 | 155953153 | 155962560 | - | Cep350 | -3.810876653 |

+: sense strand; -: antisense strand; mouse gene information (mm10) was used as reference for alignment.

Sequence of mouse circ-Tulp4

5 '-AGTTGTAAGAGTCCATCCAGGACCTTCCAGTCATGAATAATCTGATGGCTCCTGAATTAA

CCGGGAAAACAAACATATCAAGTGCCATTTGAAGACTCTGTCTATCTATGTAAAACCTTT

TCTGCACATAGAAGCTTTTCCATAAGAAGACATTCTGAATTTTGCAACTGATGAAGATTA

AGCATCAGCTGGAGCACCTTTCCACTGTTGGGGTTGGGAGTCTGTGGAGAACAGTCTGTC

ACTAATGTCAGATTTTCCCTTACAGTGTTCAATAACAAAAGCCAGTTTGCAAAAAGAAAAAA

TTGCACAGATTAACCCTAAAGAATAGCTCCAGTGTAAGCAGGGGCAGACCTTAAAACCTC

TGAACCGGAGCTCAGTGACTTTTCCTGTGGTTGTAGCAGGAGTGAGGGGACTGATCTGAA

AGGAACAGATTCCTTTGTGTCTTCAGCTATCGGAAGTTTTTTATTTATTGTTTATCTTTT

TTCTTTTCTGCATATATATGCCATTTTAAAATACTAATTGGAAGTGTGTCAGTTACAAAATA

AATATCAAGAAAAGCCTTTTTTGGTCCAAAGGTGTGAACAGGCTTGCAGGTGAACAGGAA

GACATCTTTGGTAAAGCTTGGACCGGTCTTGGGAGATGGTGCATCTTGGAGGGCTCTGCT

ACACGCCTAGGTGGCTGGTTTAAAGGCTTGCATCGCAGACGGAGACTAATTAATAGACAC

AGTTCTAAGATTGCTTTTTTCATTAACATAGAACTAGAGAAAGGAGAAACAGAAGCCTGC

AGCCTAGTCTGTGTAAGCAAGAAGTAGGACCAAAGTGTGAGGAACTACTTGGTCCATTTAG

ATAGCAGTTTATTCATACTCAGTGACCCGCAGGCCTCCACCTCTGCTTGAGGGAAGGGCT

TTGCTCCAGTCTCTGTGGCACTGAGGGTGGTTCCAGCCCATGGAGGAGTCATTCTAGGAA

GCCCTGTGTTCTAGGGACACAGGGCCAGGCTTTGAGACAGGAAGCTTCTGGCTGTGAGC

AGTGGGGGAAAGAGTGATTTTCTTGTTAAAGCTTTGACCATTGTCTGCATGAGCTCTGGT

GTGACTTTGCACGTTAGTGTGCCTTTCCCCTTATGCAACCTTTTCCAGCTTACAGCAGAA

ACTTGCCGAGTTCAGAAAACGTGCCAGAGGGTGGCTTCAGAGGGAAGATGATCTTGTGTG

ATCAGTCTCTGCACTTGAAC TATTGAATAGAGAAATCCAGCTAGAGGAATTCTTACCGCC

TTAAGTTACTTGAAATCTATGTGTTTGTAACCCTTTGTCTCTGGAATTACATTACAAAAA

AAACTGGAATCTCAGGCTGAGAATAACGAGGCTGAGTAAAAGCGAAGAGA ACTGCCTCTT

CATCATCACTTACTAACAGCTCTTTCTCAAAGGATTGGTGTGGTTTCCCGCTAAGAACT

TGAAAATGAGAACGGACCCTGTGTATTTTTAGGCATTACCTTTCTTCGCCGACTGACGTC

TTTTATAGAGGAGTTTTTTCACTATGCATTTGGTGGAGCTTTATAAGCTATTGACCTAAT

TGGA CTCTAGATCAGTTGTA ACTAAAGGAGAAAAAACA AACCAACGGAACCCA ACCACA

AAAATAAGCCAATAAAAAGAACTTGGTTTGAAATTCCTCAGTACTTTTAAAGTGAAATACT

TCATTGAAAAAAGTATGTATGCAGCAGTGGAACATGGGCCTGTGCTTTGCAGCGATTCCA

ACATCCTCTGCCTGTCCTGGAAGGGGCGTGTTCCTCAAGAGTGAGAAGGAGAAACCTGTGT

GCAGAAGGCGCTACTATGAAGAGGGATGGTTGGCCACAGGCAATGGGCGAGGTGTGGTGG

GAGTGACTTTCACCTCGAGTCACTGTTCGAGAGATAGGAGTACACCACAGAGAATAAACT

TCAACCTGCGAGGCCACAACAGTGAG-3'

Sequence of relevant human circ-Tulp4

5'-ATTTGTAAGACTCCAGGGCCTCCCAGCCGTGAATAATCTGATGGTTCCTGAAATGACTGGGGAAGCAGACGCTTCGTATG

GCAGTTGAAGAGTGTGTGTCTATGTGCATTTAAAACCTTCTTTCTGTACTTACACATTCACACGGGAAGACAGGCTCATT

CTTGTGCACACTTGAGAGTTTTACAACCTGATGAAAATTAATTTAAGAATCAGATGGAGCAACTTGACACCAGTGGGCTCA
GGAGCCCGGGGAGAAAAATACATCACTAATGGCCAGTTTTCCATATGGTCTGCACGGGTAAAGAAAGTCTGCAAAAAGAA
GAAAAAAAAAATTTGCGCAGATTAAACCACAAAAATATTCTCCAGTTTAAAGAAGGAACTAAGTGAGAAGGTGACTGAGAA
AGAAGTGTGATTTCAAACATTGCAGCGGCTCACACAGTGTGGTTGCACTTTATTTTTTCAGTGGGTTTGGTGATTTGGAC
GGATTAAAATTCTAGACTGAAAAGTAACTCCTACTGTGGTTATGGCTAGAGGAAAGCAAGTTCAAGTATGATGGGACAAG
TTTGAATAATGAACTGATTCCTTTGCCTATCTTAATTAAGTGTATTTGAGAAATTTAATTTATTATTCCCCCCTTTTT
TCCTGCATCTATAGGATAATATTGTAATAAGCAATTGAAACCAATAATTATTAATAAATATCAAGGAAAATCCAAGCA
AAGCTTTCTTTTTGTTGGACTAGTGGTGTGGTGTGGGAGACAGTCTCTGAATGTGAACAGGAAAGCACCCATCAGCAA
ACACTATCACTCTCTAGGGAGACAGCTGGGGGAATCTGACTCTGGCTTCTGCTTTTTGTTTTAAGGGATTAAGTCCCTGT
CAAGTCCAAGAAGACTTGCGTATGAGAAGATTACCTGATGGACTTAATTCTAAGATTAGCTTTTTTTCATCAAGATGGAAA

AAGATCTTTAGGAGCAGAAAAGGGGAGTGCTAACTGGGGGAGCGAGAAGGGAGACGAGCAAAAGAAACAAAATCTTGCCA
CGTGGCTCTGTTTTGTCAGCAAGAGGATTTAAGACTCACCCAGGGCAAACACTGGGACCACTGTAAGAGCGCTGGAACAT
TCTGCCTCTTGAGTGAAGGGGCCTTCTTTCTAGCCTCTATGGCACTGAGGGGTGCGCCGGCTGGTGGAGGAGCAGTCCGA
TGGAGCCCTGCGTTCCTCCCGGGGACACAGGGCCAAGCTTTGAGGTGGAAAGTTTCTGGTTCTGAAACAACAAGGAGAGAGT
CTGTTTTTCTTCCTAAAATTTGGACTCTTGTCTGCACAACTCTGGTCTGTTTTGCACGGTTTGTGTGCCTTTTTTTCCC
TTTATGCAATCTTTTTCAGCTTTAGCAGCAGAAAATTTGTCTAGTTCAGGAAACATGCTAGAGGGTGGCTTCAGAAGGAAG
ATGATCCTGTGTATTCTGTCTCTGCATCCGAACCTTTTGAAGAGAAAAATTCGAGCTAGAGGGATTCTTAAAGCCTTAAGT
TACTTGAAATCTATGTATTTGCAACCCTTTGTCTCTGGAATCATATTACACTAACTGGAATCTCAGGCTGAATGAGAAT
AACCAAGTGGAGTAAAAAGAAGAAAACCGTTTTCTTGATCACCCTTAATTAACGATGCTCTTTCTCCAAAGGATCAGCAC
GTTCTTCCTCTGAGAACTTGAAAATACAAATGGACCCCATGTTTTTTTTAAGCATTACCTTTTCTTAGAAGACTGCCATCA

TCTTTTATAGAGGAATTTTTTCACTATGCATTCGGTGGATCTTTATAAAATACTGACCTTCTAATTAGATTCAGGTCAGT

CTTAATTAAAGGGGGAAAAAAGCAACGCAAGCCAACCACAAAAACACATATACCAATGAAAGAAATTGGTTTAAATTTCA

CAGCATTAACTACTTTTTAAGTAAAACAGTTCATTGAAGAAAGTATGTATGCAGCAGTGAACATGGGCCTGTGCTTT

GCAGCGATTCCAACATCCTGTGCCTGTCTGGAAGGGGCGTGTCCCAAGAGTGAGAAGGAGAAGCCTGTGTGCAGGAGA

CGCTACTATGAGGAAGGCTGGCTGGCCACGGGCAACGGGCGAGGAGTGGTTGGGGTGACTTTCACCTCTAGTCACTGTGCG

CAGGGACAGGAGTACTCCACAGAGGATAAATTTCAACCTCCGGGGCCACAATAGCGAG-3'

Cross-species comparison is shown in another PDF supplementary material using the MUSCLE tool (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/muscle/>). *, conserved nucleotides.